

# Physical Geology

## Igneous Rocks

All Igneous Rocks Cool and x-tallize from a melt. Therefore the x-tals in the rocks are randomly arranged (there is no pattern to the x-tal arrangement) and are intergrown with each other.

## Igneous Environments

### Extrusive    Volcanic

1. Pressure released
  - Volatiles* (H<sub>2</sub>O, CO<sub>2</sub>, SO<sub>x</sub>) released as gas bubbles
  - Bubbly (*Scoria*) or foamy (*Pumice*) texture results
2. Uninsulated, heat carried away quickly by *convecting* fluids (air or water)
  - Rapid cooling and x-tallization
  - Formation of many small x-tals (no time for atoms to “find partners”)
  - Extremely rapid cooling forms glassy (*Obsidian*) texture

### Intrusive    Plutonic

1. High pressure
  - Volatiles* (H<sub>2</sub>O, CO<sub>2</sub>, SO<sub>x</sub>) remain dissolved in magma
2. Well insulated, heat carried away slowly by *conduction* into surrounding solid rocks
  - Slow cooling and x-tallization
  - Formation of few large x-tals (Lots of time for atoms to “find partners”)
  - Extremely slow cooling and high mobility of atoms forms very large x-tals (*Pegmatite Texture*)



LOWER ← TEMPERATURES → HIGHER

FELSIC ← CHEMISTRY → MAFIC

LOWER ← DENSITY → HIGHER

CONTINENTS    TYPICAL OCCURRENCE    SEAFLOORS